BARELI NAGAR PARISHAD

AUDIT REPORT 2019-20

AUDITOR: NPJS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

165, Udit Plaza, Near Gayatri Mandir, Hoshangabad Road, Bhopal 462022 (M) 9179179143 (Mail)npjs.associates@gmail.com



+91-9179179143 npjs.associates@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Stakeholders of BARELI NAGAR PARISHAD

1. Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of BARELI NAGAR PARISHAD ("the ULB"), which comprise the Receipt & Payment Account for the year then ended, and other explanatory information.

2. Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The ULB's Management is responsible for the matters with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the ULB in accordance with the provisions of Municipal Corporation Act, 1956 and accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Municipal Accounting Manual ("the Manual") and Accounting Standards applicable to the Urban Local Bodies. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the Municipal Accounting Manual for safeguarding of the assets of the ULB and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error . However, in this case ULB is not in practice of maintaining balance sheet & Income and expenditure account, so receipt and payment account shall be considered as final statement on which we express our opinion.

3. Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the Municipal Accounting Manual, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report as per the letter issued by Directorate, Urban Administration & Development, M.P., Bhopal in this regard. The Commissioner/CMO has not directed us to perform audit of any other section in his office in addition to the above scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards requires that we comply with sethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

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+91-9179179143 npjs.associates@gmail.com

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the ULB's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the ULB's officers, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

4. Qualified Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the report attached below, the Receipt & Payment Account annexed to this report give true and fair view of financial transactions affected by ULB and recorded these transactions in cash book for the financial year ending as on 31st March, 2020.

5. Basis for Qualified Opinion

The details which form the basis of qualified opinion are reported in the Annexure 1 and Annexure 2 annexed to this report.

6. Emphasis of Matters

We draw attention to the following matters reported in Annexure - 2, annexed to this report.

a) Accounts prepared as per the Manual in lieu of accounting standards for local bodies as issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

a) Revenue department's records related to recovery of revenue taxes and other revenue dues has minor differences with accounting records maintained by accounting department.

b) Non-maintenance or incomplete registers as prescribed under manual and mentioned at point 3 of annexure 2.

c) Non verification of EPF, TDS on GST and TDS-Income Tax deposited, as same has not been made available to us by the ULB.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

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+91-9179179143 npjs.associates@gmail.com

7. We further report that:

- a) We have sought and, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- b) Except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion proper books of account as required by Municipal Accounting Manual have been kept by the ULB so far as appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Receipt & Payment Account deal with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) Except for the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, the Receipt & Payment Account comply with the Municipal Accounting Manual and Accounting Standards applicable to the Urban Local Bodies.
- e) The matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the ULB.
- f) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above.
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the ULB and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure 1'.

Date: 30/11/2020

UDIN: 21421786AAAAAK9318

For NPJS & Associates

Chartered Accountants

A Jitendra Singh (Partner)

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+91-9179179143 npjs.associates@gmail.com

Annexure '1'

Report on Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

1. Report on the Internal Financial Controls of the ULB ("the ULB")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of BARELI NAGAR PARISHAD ("the ULB") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the ULB for the year ended on that date.

2. Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The ULB's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the ULB. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to ULB's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required in accordance with the Municipal Corporation Act, 1956 including the Municipal Accounting Manual and accounting principles generally accepted in India applicable to the Urban Local Bodies.

3. Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the ULB's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraid on every the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraid on every the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraid on every the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraid on every the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraid on every the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraid on every the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraid on the statement of the financial statements.

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+91-9179179143 npjs.associates@gmail.com

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the ULB's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

4. Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over financial Reporting.

A ULB's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A ULB's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- a) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the ULB;
- b) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the ULB are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and officers of the ULB; and
- c) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the ULB's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

5. Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

6. Qualified opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weaknesses have been identified as at March 31, 2020:

a) The ULB did not have an appropriate internal financial control system over financial reporting since the internal controls adopted by the ULB did not adequately consider risk assessment, which is one of the essential components of internal control, with regard to the potential for fraud when performing risk assessment

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- b) The ULB did not have an appropriate internal control system for tax and user charges collection, tax demand evaluation, which could potentially result in the ULB recognizing revenue without establishing reasonable certainty of ultimate collection.
- c) The ULB did not have an appropriate internal control system for inventory with regard to receipts, issue for production and physical verification. Further, the internal control system for identification and allocation of overheads to inventory was also not adequate. These could potentially result in material misstatements in the ULB's trade payables, consumption, inventory and expense account balances.
- d)The ULB did not have an appropriate internal control system for fixed asset with regard to purchase, construction, transfer and physical verification. Further, the internal control system for identification and allocation of overheads to fixed asset was also not adequate. These could potentially result in material misstatements in the ULB's grants, payable to contractors, tax and other statutory dues, fixed assets, capital work in process and accumulated depreciation account balances.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the ULB's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In our opinion, because of the effects/possible effects of the material weaknesses described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the ULB has not maintained adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were not operating effectively as of March 31, 2020 based on the criteria established by the ULB.

We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the March 31, 2020 financial statements of the ULB, and these material weaknesses do not affect our opinion on the financial statements of the ULB

Date: 30/11/2020

For NPJS & Associates
Chartered Accountants

Jitendra Singh (Partner)

MRN - 421786

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+91-9179179143 npjs.associates@gmail.com

Annexure '2'

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 5 & 6 of Our Report:

1. Audit of Revenue

- The auditor is responsible for audit of revenue from various sources.
 We have verified the revenue from various sources which was recognized and entered in the books of account produced before us for verification.
- 2) He is also responsible to check the revenue receipts from the counter files of receipt book and verify that the money receipt is duly deposited in respective bank account. The counter foils or revenue receipts were made available to us for verification. It was informed to us that the revenue/tax collector/officer directly deposits the amount collected with main cashier at the cash counter, who in turn deposit this amount directly to the bank account. A register is being maintained by revenue/tax collector/officer from which collected amount move into cashier cash book. A detailed statement containing outstanding demand and tax collected during the year was provided to us by the concerned department duly certified by the concerned officer.
- 3) Percentage of revenue collection increase or decrease in various heads in property tax, samekitkar, shikshaupkar, nagriyavikasupkar, and other tax compared to previous year shall be part of report.

 Details are given in Annexure C attached to this report.
- 4) Delay beyond 2 working days shall be immediately brought to the notice of commissioner/CMO. No such instances were noticed during the test check of such entries conducted by us except the circumstances like public holidays, government or local holidays etc.
- 5) The entries in Cash book shall be verified.

 We have verified the entries in cash book on test check basis and no major discrepancy was noticed by us. However due to quantum of transactions and inherent limitation of audit we cannot provide our absolute assurance on the entries of the cash book. It is generally recommended that entries of the cash book should be duly supported by necessary documentary evidences and authorizations.

6) The auditor shall specifically mention in the report the revenue recovery against the quarterly and monthly targets any lapses in revenue recovery shall be a part of the report.

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No details with respect to quarterly and monthly targets set for the FY 2019-20 and the revenue recovery against such targets were made available to us. Hence, it was not possible for us to report the revenue recovery against the quarterly and monthly targets.

- 7) The auditor shall verify the interest income from FDR's and verify that interest is duly and timely accounted for in cash book.

 We have verified the interest income from FDR's and noticed that interest income is not recognised in books of accounts on accrual basis. The same is recorded at the time of FDR maturity.
- 8) The case where, the investments are made on lesser interest rates shall be brought to the notice of the Commissioner/CMO.

 Details related to interest on FD's has been provided in sub point 1 of point 4. ULB does not have any other investments apart from these FD's.

2. Audit of Expenditure:

- 1) The auditor is responsible for audit of expenditure under all the schemes. We have verified the expenditure under various heads which was recognized and entered in the books of account produced before us for verification.
- 2) He is also responsible for checking the entries in cash book and verifying them relevant vouchers. We have verified the entries in cash book on test check basis which were supported by relevant vouchers/note sheets. However, considering the bulk quantum of entries and the weak internal control procedures, the discrepancies in the entries of cash book cannot be ruled out. Test checked vouchers revealed below mentioned instances.
 - i. ULB has not deducted and deposited GST TDS on the transaction value exceeding Rs. 2,50,000/- during the FY. This is the major non compliances on ULB's part which might attract statutory penalties together with interest.
 - ii. Consequently return for GST TDS were not filed by the ULB, which attracts non filing fees and tantamount to gross non-compliance.
 - iii. ULB have not provided challans or returns for payment of TDS to the Government. However ULB has explained that same had been duly deposited on or before the due date. Non-compliance of tax provision attract statutory penalty.

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3) He should also check monthly balance of the cash book and guide the accountant to rectify errors, if any.
No issue of any difference in test check totalling amount was noticed in course of our verification.

4) He shall verify that the expenditure for a particular scheme is limited to the funds allocated for that particular scheme any over payment shall be brought to the notice of the Commissioner / CMO. No such instance has been noticed during the course of our verification.

5) He shall also verify that the expenditure is accordance with the guideline, directives, acts and rules issue by Government of India/ State Government.

In absence of availability of guidelines, directives, acts and rules issued by Government of India/ State Government, it was not possible for us to verify the expenditures in accordance with such guidelines etc.

6) During the audit financial propriety shall also be checked. All the expenditure shall be supported by financial and administrative sanctions accorded by competent authority and shall be limited to the administrative and financial limits of the sanctioning authority.
We have verified the expenditure on test check basis and it was found that such expenditure were duly supported by financial and administrative sanctions accorded by competent authority. However, in absence of information/ written document with respect to administrative and financial limits of the sanctioning authority, it was not possible for us to verify whether the expenditure incurred and sanctioned by authority were within their limits or not.

7) All the cases where appropriate sanctions have not been obtained shall be reported and the compliance of audit observation shall be ensured during the audit Noncompliance of audit paras shall be brought to the notice of Commissioner / CMO). No such instances were noticed during the test check of such entries conducted by us.

8) The auditor shall be responsible for verification of scheme wise/ project wise Utilization Certificate (UCS). UC's shall be tallied with the Receipt & Payment Account and creation of Fixed Asset.

Utilization certificates of various schemes for verification of scheme wise project/wise Utilization Certificate (UCS) were provided to us by the ULB on test consists and we found them correct.

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However we are unable to verify the details of capitalization of expenditure since there is neither any proof available nor completion of work from respective department. There is no cross check mechanism exist to ensure the completion of project except payment of final bill. It is suggested that a proper internal control system should be framed to identify the fixed asset and its recognition in fixed asset register and books of account of the ULB.

9) He shall verify that all temporary advances have been fully recovered.

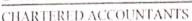
Details regarding temporary advances were not provided to us by the ULB and hence we cannot comment on the same.

3. Audit of Book Keeping

- 1) The auditor is responsible for audit of the books of accounts as well as stores. As per the information and explanation provided to us by the management of the ULB and on perusal of books of accounts, it was noticed by us that the ULB has not maintained Fixed Asset Registers, Security Deposit Registers, Advance Registers, Register of Advances to employees, Register of Advances to Contractors as prescribed under MP MAM. We suggest the ULB to maintain records in form prescribed by the MP MAM.
- 2) He shall verify that all the books of accounts and stores are maintained as per Accounting Rules applicable to the Urban local Bodies. Any discrepancies shall be brought to the notices of Commissioner / CMO.
 As stated in point no. 1 above, as the books stores are not provided for verification, so it was not possible for us to verify whether the same is maintained as per Accounting Rules applicable to the urban local Bodies.
- 3) The auditor shall verify advance register and see that all the advance are timely recovered according to the condition of advance. All the case of non-recovery shall be specifically mentioned in audit report.

 As per the information and explanation provided to us by the management of the ULB, no specific condition related to advances are placed. Hence, it is not possible for
- Bank reconciliation statement (BRS) shall be verified from the records of ULB and the bank concerned. If bank reconciliation Statement are not prepared the auditor will help in the preparation of BRS's.

us to verify the cases of timely recovery of advances, if any.



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As per the information provided by the ULB and on our verification we found bank accounts are in reconciliation with cashbook except Bank of Baroda account no. 00162 for which Bank Reconciliation Statement is provided to us as below:

BOB '00162 Balance as per bank		Amount	Amount 76,84,052.15
Add: Receipt taken in cashbook but not in	19/03/2020	15,811.00	
credited in bank account Receipt taken in cashbook but not in	20/03/2020	11,376.00	27,187.00
credited in bank account Balance as per cashbook		C 11	77,11,239.15

Closing balances as on 31st March for other bank accounts are as follows:

S.No.	Bank Name	Bank Accounts	Closing Balance as on 31/03/2020		
1 2	State Bank of India State Bank of India	11366892505 11366892855 1426626200	Rs. Rs. Rs.	1,11,96,529.43 9,38,455.15 18,14,222.63	
3 4	Central Bank of India Punjab National Bank	7419000100038500	Rs.	2,10,94,323.50	
5	Union Bank Central Bank of India	661702010007965 7419000100025861	Rs. Rs.	3,88,559.32 1,44,558.12	

- He shall be responsible for verifying the entries in the Grant register. The receipts and 5) payment of grants shall be duly verified from the entries in cash book. Grant registers were made available to us and on test check we found the grant register in reconciliation with the entries in cashbook.
- The auditor shall verify the fixed assets register from other records and discrepancies shall be brought to the notices of Commissioner / CMO. Fixed asset registers were not provided to us for verification. Therefore we are not able to verify the same and comment upon whether it is complete and correctly balanced.
- The auditor shall reconcile the account of receipt and payment especially for project funds.

Separate cash book were not made available to us for verification. So we cannot comment on the same.

4. Audit of FDR

1) The auditor is responsible for audit of all fixed deposits and term deposit





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We have verified fixed deposits maintained by the ULB and provided to us for verification, the detail regarding the same is tabled below:-

S.no.	Bank name	Account no.	Amount	Rate
1	SBI	48709	Rs. 11,92,575.00	7.50%
2	CDI	00310	Rs. 64,57,414.00	3.90%
	ODI	40700 ware taken fi	rom FD receipts provide	d by the ULB for
Above	details for SBI	40/09 were taken n	tom i b i cecipts provide	mind as on 31st

the FY 2015-16. For SBI 00310 FD value including interest accrued as on 31st March 2020 were taken.

- 2) It shall be ensured that proper record of FDR's are maintained and renewals are timely done. It has been explained to us that FD's are auto renewed by the bank. However; records of renewal are not provided by the ULB. Hence, we cannot comment on timely renewals.
- 3) The case where FDR'S / TDR are kept at low rate of interest than the prevailing rate shall be immediately brought to the notice of Commissioner/CMO. Details related to FD's are provided above at point 4(1).
- 4) Interest earned on FDR/TDR Shall be verified from entries in the cash book. Interests on FDRs' are booked on receipt basis, and on the maturity and realization of the invested amount the same is recorded in the cash book.

5. Audit of Tenders / Bids

- 1) The auditor is responsible for audit of all tenders / bids invited by the ULB. Tender related documents were provided to us on test check basis. On verification of produced documents we can conclude that procedure of tendering was followed by the ULB.
- 2) He shall check whether competitive tendering procedures are followed for all bids. Tender related documents were provided to us on sampling basis, and except few minor irregularities we found them complete and appropriate. Competitive tendering procedures were followed for all bids.
- 3) He shall verify the receipts of tender fee / bid processing fee / performance guarantee period. maintenance and construction during the both Tender related documents were provided on test check basis, and we have verified the receipts of tender fee / bid processing fee / performance guarantee etc. 1859najor irregularities were found during our verification in the produced docume

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4) The bank guarantees, if received in lieu of bid processing fee / performance guarantee shall be verified from the issuing banks. No such bank guarantees were produced before us for verification.

5) The conditions of BG shall also be verified; any BG with any such condition which is against the interests of the ULB shall be verified and brought to the notice of Commissioner/CMO.

No such bank guarantees were produced before us for verification. Therefore, it is not

- possible for us to comment on the conditions of BG.
- 6) The cases of extension of BG shall be brought to the notice of Commissioner / CMO. Proper guidance to extend the BC's shall also be given to ULB No such bank guarantees were produced before us for verification. Therefore, it is not possible for us to comment on the conditions/extensions of BG.
- 7) The contract closure shall also be verified by the auditor. No contract closure documents were made available to us for verification.

6. Audit of Grants and Loans

1) The auditor is responsible for audit of grants given by Central Government and its utilization.

Verification had been conducted for the grants received from the Central/state government. Details of grant receipt and utilised as per accounting records are as follows:

lollow		Owening	Received	Utilized	Closing
S.No.	Grants	Opening Balance	Received	otmzeu	Balance
1	Sadak Maramat	2,78,135.00	19,55,000.00	21,80,137.00	52,998.00
2	Vadijyak Kar Par Adhibar	57,77,548.00	74,15,000.00	1,31,79,053.00 ⁻	13,495.00
3	Rajyavitt ayog ki anusansha par Anudaan	1,40,53,328.00	76,44,000.00	2,16,80,668.00	16,660.00
4	Mudrank Shulk	58,950.00	16,30,000.00	17,30,702.00	-41,752.00
5	Chungikshatipurti	57,25,063.00	3,66,35,510.00	4,24,59,322.00	-98,749.00
6	Yatrikar	1,126.00	21,00,000.00	21,00,225.00	901.06
7	Vishesh Nidhi	0.00	1,00,00,000.00	98,20,092.00	1,79,908.00
8	Niryatkar	0.00	10,53,000.00	10,59,238.00	-6,238.00
9	14th Vitt Ayeg	1,50,15,110.00	2,44,31,000.00	3,93,97,435.00	48,675.00
	Total S ASSOCIATION	4,09,09,260.00	9,28,63,510.00	13,36,06,872.00	1,65,898.00



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However, we have noticed difference in grant amount as UADD records and as per accounting records as follows:

accounting records as follows:									
S.No.	Grants	Received	As per UADD	Difference					
1	Sadak Maramat	19,55,000.00	21,11,000.00	-1,56,000.00					
2	Vadijyak Kar Par Adhibar	74,15,000.00	59,96,000.00	14,19,000.00					
4	Mudrank Shulk	16,30,000.00	14,86,000.00						
5	Chungikshatipurti	3,66,35,510.00	3,48,04,474.00	18,31,036.00					
6	Yatrikar	21,00,000.00	22,44,000.00	-1,44,000.00					

2) He is responsible for audit of grants received from State Government and its utilization.

Verification had been conducted for the total grants received from the State/Central government. Details for the same are provided in table above.

3) He shall perform audit of loans provided for physical infrastructure and its utilization. During his audit the auditor shall specifically comment on the revenue mechanism i.e. whether the asset created out of the loan has generated the desired revenue or not. He shall also comment on the possible reasons for non-generation of revenue.

As per explanation provided to us, ULB has accorded loan from banking company for jal awardhan scheme. In absence of the loan statements we cannot verify the due date for the repayment and amount standing at year end. However, there was no document or information provided to verify whether the asset created out of the loan has generated the desired revenue or not. We cannot comment on the possible reasons for non-generation of revenue.

Details of loan repayment, as provided by the ULB to us, are provided here below:

S.no.	Date	Total Payment
1	30/09/2019	29,82,334.75
2	31/10/2019	8,84,542.00
3	30/11/2019	7,17,527.27
Total		45,84,404.02

Above loan was utilised for Jal Awardhan Yojna.

Principle and interest bifurcation were not made available by the ULB hence total amount of repayment has been considered.

4) The auditor shall specifically point out any diversion of funds from capital receipts/ grants/bans to revenue expenditure.



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As per the information made available to us, and as per our verification, instances of diversion of funds from one grant account to another have not been noticed. However, due to inherent limitation of internal controls over financial reporting possibilities of fund diversion cannot be ruled out completely.

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Other Audit Observations

1. Non recovery of taxes

Urban Local Bodies (ULB) earns revenue from their own resources through taxes, rent, fees, issue of licenses etc. In test check of Nagar Parishad as of 31 March 2020 a sum of Rs 60.11 Lakhs (as shown in Table Below) plus Interest & Penalties were outstanding against the taxpayers, although the ULBs had powers under section 165 of Madhya Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1961 to approach a Magistrate to seek orders for recovery by distress and sale of any movable property of attachment and sale of immovable property belonging to defaulters, however they had not invoked these power to recover the outstanding taxes. Failure to invoke its powers resulted in non-recovery of outstanding taxes and resource crunch, leading to hindrance in development works. (Amount in Lakhs)

crun	ch, leading to	ningrance in Non	Recover	y of dues		a	(Amount Un-	Total un-
Sl. No	Type of Tax	Due amount recoverabl e on 01/04/201	Receive d From Previou s Dues	Un- Recovere d Due for More than a	Curren t Due	Current Receive d	Recovere d due of Current Year	recovere d amount
		9		Year	10.14	5.60	4.54	12.59
1	Sampati kar	17.66	9.61	8.05	10.14 6.73	2.38	4.35	9.52
2	Samekit kar	11.74	6.58	5.16	3.99	1.37	2.62	5.14
3	Vikas upkar	3.79	1.27	2.52	3.10	1.80	1.30	2.91
4	Siksha upkar Bhawan	2.82 8.97	1.21 3.50	1.61 5.47	13.03	11.14	1.90	7.36
Э	kiraya		- 00	11.73	7.41	1.78	5.62	17.35
6 7	Jalkar Asthayi	16.75 0.00	5.03 0.00	0.00	12.88	9.79	3.09	3.09
,	dhakal		0.00	0.00	5.14	2.99	2.14	2.14
8	Other	0.00	0.00 27.20	34.53	62.43	36.84	25.58	60.11
	Total	61.73 T		covered amo				60.11

For NPJS & Associates

Chartered Accountants

F.R.No.

CA Intendra Singh (Partner)

MRN - 421786

Date: 30/11/2020

वद, बरेली जि.रायसेन

Nagar Parishad Bareli, District Raisen M.P.

Receipt & Payment 2019-20

Receipts	Amount	Payments	Amounts
Opening Balance	15,66,17,045.00		
Obening			
Tax Revenue Receipts		Establishment Expenses	2,73,51,542.00
Property tax outstanding	5.92.434.00	Establishment salary	17,98,160.00
Property tax Current	4,50,074.00		57,49,002.00
Samekit Kar Outstanding	3 88 669 00	Daily salary	17,650.00
	1,84,574.00	Daily muster	17,650.00
Samekit Kar Current	1,01,071100	Professional tax	1,34,652.00
Vikas Shulk Outstanding	1,10,101.00	CPE	16,42,225.00
Vikas Shulk Current	1,01,614.00	Employee pension Contribution	21,41,998.00
Siksha Kar Outstanding	1,29,012.00	Daily Monthly Employee EPF	23,44,564.00
Siksha Kar Current	1,00,00	Employee Arrears	21,75,833.U
Jalkar Outstanding	2,75,447.00	Travel allowance	19,600.ûU
Jalkar Current	93,373.00	Parishad Mandey	2,60,000.00
,		Council meeting allowance	12,120.00
Other Receipts		Council Meeting and Va	2,13,583.00
Business license	45,326.00	Establishment muster	14,21,526.00
Money lending license	1 1)2001	Water Supply muster Sanitation worker muster	23,37,148.00
Bazaar Fee	0,7 0,1	Sanitation worker muses	
Bus stand fee	3,93,610.00	the description Evnenses	
Shop Rent Current	9,70,719.00	Adminstrative Expenses Computer Repair / Cartage	83,250.00
Shop Rent Outstanding	3,40,744.00	Computer Repair / Cartage	41,110.00
Nal Kiraya	22,600.00	Computer purchase	1,86,382.00
Wage registration fee	1,305.00	Uniform and other accessories	53,333.00
Building Constrction Approved	6,38,642.00	Photography	4,700.00
Tender farm sales income	3,19,000.00	Photo copy	1,41,987.00
Building Mutation	3,360.00	Stationary printing	1,53,196.00
Tap connection security	32,500.00	Consultancy fees	1,28,174.00
Tap connection Fitting charge	6,955.00	Painting work	4,51,990.00
Road cutting charge	7,442.00	Legal charge	1,08,945.00
Water tanker / fire tanker	12,250.00	Telephone bill	10,09,172.00
Electricty NOC	3,090.00	Audit ree	2,366.00
Ration card fee	3,165.00	Office gas	30,430.00
Mela tanker	21,500.00	Paper om	3 To
Security Deposit	1,83,016.00	Operation and Maintenance	
Interest	1 1 0 0 1	Bank charge	7,47,049.00
Colony Development Fee	20,210.01	Road cleaning & sanitation	2,15,850.00
Hoarding fee	0/00011	Cleaning material	19,06,436.00
Other Revenue	, _,	Stationery Shop	3,26,511.00
Road divider		Electrical material Purchased	25,16,737.00
Right to Information Fee	270100	Electrical material Purchased	56,83,017.00
Labour Department	_,,	Electricty bill Electricty-new connection	85,236.00
Grants		Street light work	
MLA Fund	.,,.	Water supply materials	33,64,750.00
Special fund grant	-,,	Water supply materials Vater repair / maintenance	
Road repair grant	19,55,000.00 V	Vater repair / maintenance	C [F] 33,030.05

क्रीर पालिका अधिकारी

नगर परिषद, बरेली जि.रायसेन

	-		2.44.422.0
ctroi grant		Motor pump repair	2,46,133.06
John Ol Blanc		DPR prepared	2,70,273.00
art tax grant		Sanitization Material	13,24,031.00
State finance commission	76,44,000.00	Sanitization materials (pesticides)	7,37,836.00
Passenger tax grant	21,00,000.00	Sanitation item (Sweep/Daleya)	92,020.00
14 Finance Commission	2,44,31,000.00		25,81,580.00
PMAY	20,42,40,000.00		10,260.00
Mudraank Fees	16.30.000.00	Tractor Trolly/ Tanker Repair	14,07,705.00
Auditaanit 1 000	10,00,0000	Tractor trolly Rent	5,59,156.00
		Paint work	70,283.00
		Jeep Rent	1,24,150.00
		Bank charge / cross entry	17,929.0
		Lok Sabha Legislative Assembly	3,51,054.00
		Assembly Fund	. 73,556.00
		Rhoda Gravel / Material	29,89,356.00
		Pole shifting work	2,26,564.00
		Drinking water item	15,850.00
		Hoarding & Banner	4,93,020.00
		Vendor street	21,69,129.00
		Lime work	13,510.00
		ICR Rent	7,75,180.00
		Loan Repayment / Interest Payment	70,50,451.00
		Advertisement / Release (Tender)	7,50,268.00
		National festival /Other Functions	16,14,913.00
		Hanumangadi beautification work	5,72,923.00
		Funeral aid	48,000.00
	1 ,	Nursing aid	2,500.00
	l l	In advance	3,60,000.00
		Cleanness survey	1,56,108.00
		Stamp	63,314.00
		Plantation plant / material purchase	1,41,767.00
	1	Drinking water transportation	8,57,855.00
	I	Ration card	1,000.00
		ncome tax	15,85,285.00
		abour Welfare Expenses	3,68,236.00
		Beautification work	4,84,504.00
		Other Expenses	10,39,437.00
	1	Nithdrawal of funds	2,513.00
		Jnorganized worker program	18,00,000.00
	I	CO certificate	81,900.00
		Capital Expenditure	
		Park materials	6,46,444.00
		Batteries Purchased	1,01,370.00
		CC Road Construction	1,68,98,694.00
	In		T100120102 110.
	ASSOC: P	avour Block	7,25,377.00
	ASSOCIATE OF		

no lTotal	10,70,00,=
	46,95,05,108.00
Claring balance	4,94,80,462.00
Dam Construction	
-	11,16,408.00
Footpath Development Work	9,86,817.00
	20,50,099.00
	6,17,713.00
	5,92,478.00
	1,77,680.00
	55,67,872.00
	18,52,774.00
Tubewell / Hand Pump Installation	19,32,049.00
PMAY	25,00,30,000.00
Jal Avardhan Yojna	61,94,970.00
Public toilet construction	4,43,253.00
Furniture	52,780.00
	3,71,860.00
	55,07,291.00
	Public toilet construction Jal Avardhan Yojna

Chief Accounts Officer

Chief Municipal Officer

मुर्त्य नगर पालिका अधिकारी नगर परिषद, बरेली जि.रायसेन

	- (() ()	B								Annexure C
Name		Bareli Nagar NPJS & Assoc								Amt in lakhs
S.no.	Parameters	Descrip		% of						Suggestions
	Audit of Revenue	Receipt i	n (Rs.)	growth		Observation in brief				
	Rajaswa Kar wasool	2018-19	2019-20							
1	Sampatikar	16.36	15.21		Collection % w.r.t. total dues is	54.71%	which is		Need to improve collection efforts of previous years dues.	ULB should impose strict penalties and legal actions to improve past Due collections.
2	Samekktikar	11.98	8.95	-25.28	Collection % w.r.t. total dues is	48.47%		Below Average	Need to improve collection efforts of previous years dues.	ULB should impose strict penalties and legal actions to improve past Due collections.
3	Vikas upkar	3.02	2.64	-12.68	Collection % w.r.t. total dues is	33.89%	which is	Below Average	Need to improve collection efforts of previous years dues.	ULB should impose strict penalties and legal actions to improve past Due collections.
4	Siksha upkar	4.44	3.01	-32.16	Collection % w.r.t. total dues is	50.88%	which is	Average	Need to improve collection efforts of previous years dues.	ULB should impose strict penalties and legal actions to improve past Due collections.
	Total	35.81	29.81							- and the control of
	Gair-Rajaswa wasoo	li							=======================================	
5	Bhawan kiraya	25.01	14.64	-41.48	Collection % w.r.t. total dues is	66.53%	which is	Average	dues.	ULB should impose strict penalties and legal actions to improve past Due collections.
6	Jalkar	3.02	6.81	125.51	Collection % w.r.t. total dues is	28.19%	which is	Poor	Need to improve collection efforts of previous years dues.	ULB should impose strict penalties and legal actions to improve past Due collections.
7	Asthayi dhakal	10.63	9.79	N.	Collection % w.r.t. total dues is	75.97%	which is	s Good	Need to improve collection efforts of previous years dues.	ULB should impose strict penalties and legal actions to improve past Due collections.
8	Other	0.00			Collection % w.r.t. total dues is	58.24%	which i	s Averag	Need to improve collection efforts of previous years dues.	ULB should impose strict penalties and legal actions to improve past Due collections.
	Total	38.66								
	Grand Total	74.47	64.04	Į.					(8)	SPOCIA

मुख्य निहित्यालका आधकारी नगर परिषद, बरेली जि.रायसेन

Reporting on Audit Paras for Financial Year 2019-20

Name of ULB:

Bareli Nagar Parishad

1	Name of A	Auditor: <u>NPJS & Associa</u>	ites, Chartered Acc	<u>countants</u>
	Parameters Parameters	Description	Observation in	<u>Suggestions</u>
<u>S.</u>	raiumetere		<u>brief</u>	
<u>no</u> <u>2</u>	Audit of Expenditure:	Verification of Expenditures are as per guidelines, directives, and rules under all schemes and entries of expenditures in cash book, Diversion of Funds, financial propriety of expenditures, scheme project	Observations were listed in brief in point no. 2 of annexure 2 of audit report attached	Vouchers should be adequately supported with proper documents. TDS should be correctly deducted and deposited on time.
3	Audit of Book keeping	wise utilisation certificate. Verification of books of accounts and stores are maintained as per accounting rules, advance register and check timely recovery, Bank reconciliation statement, grant register, fixed	Observations were listed in brief in point no. 3 of annexure 2 of audit report attached	Required books of accounts as prescribed under MP MAM Should be maintained
4	Audit of FDR/TDR	asset register Verify fixed deposits and term deposits and their maintenance	Observations were listed in brief in point no. 4 of annexure 2 of audit report attached	Proper records for FDR should be maintained having opening, additions, maturity and closing value.
5	Audit of Tenders and Bids	Verify Tenders/Bids invited by ULB and competitive tendering procedures followed	Observations were listed in brief in point no. 5 of annexure 2 of audit report attached	Procedure for Tenders opening and Performance review should be carefully monitored.
6	Audit of Grants & Loans	Verification of Grant received from Government and its utilisation	Observations were listed in brief in point no. 6 of annexure 2 of audit report attached	Grant register should be updated and balanced regularly with its Utilization Certificate.
7	Verify whether any diversion of funds from capital receipt /grants /Loans to revenue expenditure and from one scheme /project to another.		Observations related to diversion of funds has been pointed out in point no. 6 (iv) of annexure 2 of report attached	•
8	a) Percentage of revenue expenditur	611.04% (9,24,29,887/1,51,26,537) x 100		\$ P.R. NO. *** \$ 019014C \$

9	e (Establish ment, salary, Operation & Maintenan ce) with respect to revenue receipts (Tax & Non Tax). b) Percentage of Capital expenditur e wrt Total expenditur e. Whether all the temporary advances have been fully recovered or not. Whether bank reconciliation statements is being regularly prepared	77.90% (32,57,37,354/41,81,67,241) x 100	Cases of outstanding advances have been outlined in point no. 3 (3) of report attached. BRS prepared by the ULB	ULB should impose strict action to collect such amount or make necessar adjustment after prior approval of relevant authority. NA

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